

# Maturity Levels

based on INNOVATION SYSTEM DESIGN by Lercher and Peritsch (2013)

### Maturity level 1: Customer driven innovation

Short Description: Your company consists of an **interdisciplinary team**, which, **in addition** to the daily business, works based on fast **informal communication with customers** on innovative, **tailor-made solutions** for identified issues.

What you can do to increase your maturity level:

- <u>Culture</u>: **Evaluate with internal innovators and innovation-driving customers** by developing them in a targeted way and **broadening their personal scope of action**.
- <u>Strategy</u>: Proactively look for innovation opportunities that are to be realized in the short term and with your own resources. Orient your market positioning on the role of the fast and reliable solution provider for innovation-seeking customers. Have regular strategy discussions with the innovation team.
- <u>Process</u>: Establish a **basic process** with few rules and minimal formalism for the **handling of opportunity-led, customer-driven innovation projects**.
- <u>Structure</u>: Develop an **agile and flexible innovation organization** through the formal anchoring of **innovation tasks in the job profiles**.
- <u>Competences</u>: Develop the competencies of innovators in the direction of **project management** and **methods-know-how** in the **field of customer needs** and **problem solving techniques**.
- <u>Resources</u>: Implement an easy-to-use **resource management** system to better control the interface between daily business and project work and to handle projects on **time and cost**effectively.

# Maturity level 2: Incremental (product) innovations or market-oriented innovation management

Short Description: In addition to contract developments and small developments without an order, the innovation portfolio primarily deals with **incremental product innovations** that follow the industry cycle. A **development department** with broad coverage of technology, product and process innovation topics **is available**. As a result, R&D units lose proximity to customers, which is why product management acts as a bridge between technology, sales and the market. R&D and product management are the corporate divisions responsible for innovation. In their innovation activities they are strongly oriented to the **competition** in the market environment. Their innovation culture is greatly influenced by the **avoidance of innovation risks**. Innovation tends to be used to keep up with competition.

#### What you can do to increase your maturity level:

- <u>Culture</u>: A planned enlargement of the basic innovation culture should take place through **joint development and implementation** of initiatives promoting innovation. Such initiatives can be:



trend and idea management, incentive systems for product ideas, product innovation process design, lead with innovation key figures, customer and supplier integration in product development.

- <u>Strategy</u>: The goal of the strategy work should be to develop and implement a **product innovation strategy** based on an increasingly detailed **market and competitor knowledge**, the **effectiveness** and **efficiency** in the implementation of incremental product innovations should be increased.
- <u>Process</u>: It is important to design and continuously improve a product innovation process in strategic orientation, idea phase, concept selection, development and market introduction. In parallel, the targeted expansion of the number of process participants, in new sources as idea suppliers, is to be accomplished.
- <u>Structure</u>: It should be an interdisciplinary, project-oriented organisation in the field of innovation. As well as a continuous optimisation of the interfaces between line and project organization
- <u>Competences</u>: The development and anchoring of product innovation know-how in the organization should be at the centre of the competency. This involves the application of innovation techniques, the management of information, knowledge and learning processes in the field of innovation as well as market and competitor observation.
- <u>Resources</u>: **Human resources** should be gained around innovation structures. Regarding **financial resources**, the creation, doping and controlling of **R&D budgets** as well as equity for innovation financing play an essential role in the innovation performance.

## Maturity level 3: Strategy based innovation management

Brief description: Your company has deliberately put innovation at the heart of the strategy through **top management**. Your innovation portfolio includes **customer-specific developments**, the entire spectrum of product innovations from simple modifications to courageous **radical innovations**. You also increasingly link innovation with the areas of **services**, **marketing and business models**.

What you can do to increase your maturity level:

- <u>Culture</u>: Even greater should be the role of role model and driver function by members of top management for a multi-faceted innovation culture. Fundamental values such as curiosity, openness, courage and willingness to risk are part of a performance-stimulating, active innovation culture. In the case of radical innovation projects, it may be possible to fail and encourage the courage to breathe long.
  - <u>Strategy</u>: The strategy work must be intensified for the achievement and defence of **innovation leadership**. A **network** of different analysis areas (market, customers, competitors, technologies, environmental impacts, competencies, networks) should take place. The analysis results should be interpreted in the direction of **future developments**.
- <u>Process</u>: An important field of design is the **organizational link** between the **strategy work** and the **operational innovation processes**.
- <u>Structure</u>: The main challenge is the structural management of **radical innovation projects**. It would be possible to **create stand-alone structures** for such projects, e.g. in the form of internal start-up's, spin-offs, Skunkwork teams, Innovation labs, etc.
- <u>Competences</u>: You should focus on the **management of intangible assets** such as knowledge, image and reputation, industrial secrets, intellectual property rights and relationship capital



as a contribution to the company's success. In the **IT sector**, the managers are required to develop the systems used in the innovation management according to increased requirements and increased complexity.

- <u>Resources</u>: Here it is necessary to look not only regional, but also **internationally** for the best **innovative talents**. The area of the **R&D infrastructure** is also important. Tailor-made development, testing and measurement equipment as well as powerful simulation tools provide **potential for acceleration and cost reduction** in the R&D.

#### Maturity level 4: Future design

Short Description: Your company has already a long track record of **innovation success**, often over several generations of leadership. You either started to orient your company **towards the future**, or were faced a **growth crisis** and therefore understood that long-running companies are also developing their own business and have to **reinvent their fields of activity** again and again. Your company is characterised by new concepts of innovation. You work consciously with **co-creation approaches**.

What you can do as innovation champion, to further increase your innovation performance:

- <u>Culture</u>: Continue to use **culture-shaping instruments**, such as more **freedom for lateral thinkers** and releasing **budgets for experiments** in your company. In addition to the professionally prepared **innovation success story**, it is also important to always keep the **lessons-learned** session in the course of a project abortion.
- <u>Strategy</u>: Continue to work on your strategy in terms of extending the time perspective and increasing agility towards rapid or creeping changes in the framework conditions by devising contingency strategies. Similarly, the development and implementation of successful diversification strategies is a new field of design that is gaining in importance in this maturity.
- <u>Process</u>: Establish a regular **future management** in **monitoring**, **scanning** and **coupled strategic decisions** so that the right information can be put to the right places at the right time
- <u>Structure</u>: The optimization of the organizational structure in the innovation system revolves around the essential questions of the sufficient **autonomy** of individual areas, the use of **synergies**, the **integration and distribution** (central vs. decentralized) of **innovation tasks**.
- <u>Competences</u>: Developing new business ideas outside the existing market requires learning of new market-external business rules such as other speeds, forms of communication, needs and attitudes.
- <u>Resources</u>: Employer branding through the proven innovation culture can become a decisive advantage in the competition for the best talents. The active exploitation of intellectual property rights through licensing and patent sales, which do not conflict with the protection strategies in the core business, results in a new design field.